

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

San Antonio, Tex., November 8, 1903.

WYMAN, Washington:

No case, no death, to-day. Rumors fever at Sutherland Springs, Wilson County. Will investigate and report soon as possible.

RICHARDSON.

San Antonio, Tex., November 9, 1903.

WYMAN, Washington:

No case or death to-day. Temperatures last twenty-four hours 50° and 78°. Visited Sutherland Springs to-day—town 30 miles east of here; population about 150. Dr. Weston, the only practitioner there, has treated since August about 100 cases of a fever which, from his discription, I believe to have been yellow, with 4 deaths. Disease seems to have died out for want of material. Tabor has instructed county authorities to disinfect.

RICHARDSON.

SAN ANTONIO, TEX., November 10, 1903.

WYMAN, Washington:

One case; no deaths to-day. Temperature last twenty-four hours, 58° and 78° .

RICHARDSON.

SAN ANTONIO, TEX., November 11, 1903.

WYMAN, Washington:

No case; no death to-day. Temperatures last twenty-four hours, 60° and 80° .

RICHARDSON.

Statistical reports of States and cities of the United States—Yearly and monthly.

Connecticut — Stamford. — Month of October, 1903. Estimated population, 22,000. Number of deaths not reported. No deaths from contagious diseases reported.

FLORIDA—Tampa.—Month of October, 1903. Estimated population, 20,000. Total number of deaths 28, including diphtheria 1, and 7 from tuberculosis.

Georgia—Augusta.—Month of October, 1903. Estimated population, 42,441. Total number of deaths 72—white 29, colored 43—including enteric fever 2, whooping cough 2, and 12 from tuberculosis.

Columbus.—Month of October, 1903. Estimated population, 19,303. Total number of deaths 38, including enteric fever 1, and 3 from tuberculosis.

ILLINOIS—Springfield.—Month of October, 1903. Estimated population, 40,000. Total number of deaths, 42, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 1, and 3 from tuberculosis.

Iowa—Ottumwa.—Month of October, 1903. Estimated population, 22,000. Total number of deaths 17, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 1, and 1 from tuberculosis.

Maryland—Cumberland.—Month of October, 1903. Estimated population, 20,000. Total number of deaths 38, including enteric fever 4 and 4 from tuberculosis.

Massachusetts—Newton.—Month of October, 1903. Estimated population, 37,794. Total number of deaths 42, including diphtheria 1, and 2 from tuberculosis.

MICHIGAN.—Reports to the State board of health, Lansing, for the week ended October 31, 1903, from 70 observers, indicate that pleuritis, inflammation of bowels, pneumonia, whooping cough, measles, meningitis, and smallpox were more prevalent, and erysipelas and cholera infantum were less prevalent than in the preceding week. Meningitis was reported present at 4, measles at 9, whooping cough at 10, smallpox at 20, diphtheria at 54, scarlet fever at 71, enteric fever at 116, and phthisis pulmonalis at 195 places.

MINNESOTA— Winona.—Month of October, 1903. Estimated population, 23,000. Total number of deaths, 22, including 5 from tuberculosis.

Montana—Helena.—Month of October, 1903. Estimated population, 13,000. Number of deaths not reported. One death from enteric fever reported.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—Concord.—Month of October, 1903. Estimated population, 20,000. Total number of deaths, 31, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 2, and 1 from tuberculosis.

Franklin.—Month of October, 1903. Estimated population, 6,000. Total number of deaths, 10, including 1 from scarlet fever.

Оню—Cincinnati.—Month of September, 1903. Estimated population, 336,000. Total number of deaths, 395, including diphtheria 4, enteric fever 6, scarlet fever 6, whooping cough 2, and 63 from tuberculosis.

Toledo.—Month of September, 1903. Census population, 131,822. Total number of deaths, 157, including diphtheria 11, enteric fever 8, whooping cough 2, and 11 from tuberculosis.

Pennsylvania—Altoona.—Month of October, 1903. Census population, 38,973. Total number of deaths, 58, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 2, scarlet fever 2, smallpox 2, and 2 from tuberculosis.

Columbia.—Month of October, 1903. Estimated population, 13,500. Total number of deaths, 19, including enteric fever 1, and 1 from tuberculosis.

VIRGINIA—*Pocahontas.*—Month of October, 1903. Census population, 2,789. Number of deaths not reported. One death from tuberculosis reported.

Wisconsin—*Milwaukee*.—Month of September, 1903. Estimated population, 315,000. Total number of deaths, 341, including diphtheria 7, enteric fever 6, whooping cough 2, and 28 from tuberculosis.